# **KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT**

PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016



Cypher & Cypher

Accountants | Auditors | Advisors

## **KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	·
	PAGE NO.
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	i-xi
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	4
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	5
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	6
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET VS ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND	7
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS	8
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS	9
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS	10
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS	11
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION — FIDUCIARY FUNDS	12

(	NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	13-35
	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
<u> </u>	STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES –	•
	AGENCY FUNDS	36
000	INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	37-38
0	INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	39-40
	SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	41-46
$\mathcal{O}$		
Ö	SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	47
	NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	48
$\circ$		
0		
0		
Ō		
0		
0		
Ö		
Ŏ		
O		
Ö		
000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
<b>%_</b> #		





## Independent Auditor's Report

Keystone Oaks School District Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Ladies and Gentlemen:

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Keystone Oaks School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Keystone Oaks School District as of June 30, 2016 and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on Pages i through xi be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Keystone Oaks School District's basic financial statements. The statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal

Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Costs Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 9, 2017, on our consideration of Keystone Oaks School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Keystone Oaks School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**CYPHER & CYPHER** 

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Explus Cyphen

Canonsburg, Pennsylvania January 9, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis

It is management's privilege to present the financial status of Keystone Oaks School District. The discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance provides an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 and a comparison to the financial activities for the prior year. Readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to develop a better understanding of the School District's financial performance.

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments issued June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

## **Financial Highlights**

0

0

0

During the 2013/2014 budget preparation process, the decision was made by the Board to balance its operating budget by using \$471,229 of the fund balance along with increasing tax millage .58 mills. The biggest change occurred with Allegheny County as year 2013 was a reassessment year and all property assessed values changed. With property values having a substantial increase in assessment, school districts must follow the Pennsylvania law ACT 1 of 2006 that states school districts are prohibited from a real estate tax revenue windfall. The millage was reduced from 22.03 mills to 18.05 mills to offset the increased assessment and reducing the millage under the Pa. Act 1 of 2006 windfall provision.

After lowering the millage per the windfall provision to 18.05 mills, the School Board approved to raise millage to 18.63 mills (.58 mill increase) for the 2013/2014 school year. This .58 millage increase was accomplished by the going to the allowable INDEX (.36 mills) and a Retirement Exception (.22 mills) that must be approved by Pa. Department of Education. Both are provisions of Act 1 of 2006. The School District decreased its fund balance during the 2014/2015 operational year by \$1,649,894, bringing the new fund balance to \$4,734,940.

A number of factors contributed to a successful operating year.

Local Revenue sources such as real estate tax, real estate transfer tax, earned income tax and delinquent real estate tax are very difficult taxes to predict. Real estate tax can fluctuate by assessment changes and in a reassessment year, as in this year, are extremely difficult to predict with constant changes from the appeal process. This process will take multiple years before the district assessments and appeals are finalized. The taxable collection rate was set at 96% which is historically collected by the district.

The other local revenues as stated vary widely from year to year because these taxes are a result of properties changing hands, the fluctuation of earnings of taxpayers in the district and the uncertainty of delinquent real estate tax collection of which the School District has no control. The School District budgets for these local incomes are calculated on conservative basis.

## **Using the Annual Financial Report**

The Annual Financial Report consists of a financial section and a single audit section which is issued to comply with federal guidelines as required in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement. Within the financial section are the management's discussion and analysis (this section) and a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand Keystone Oaks School District as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements - the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These provide both long-term and short-term information about the School District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements tell how general School District services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities that the School District operates like a business. For this School District, this is our food service fund. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationships where the School District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

## Using the Annual Financial Report (Cont'd)

The financial statements also include notes to explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of the financial section are arranged and relate to one another:

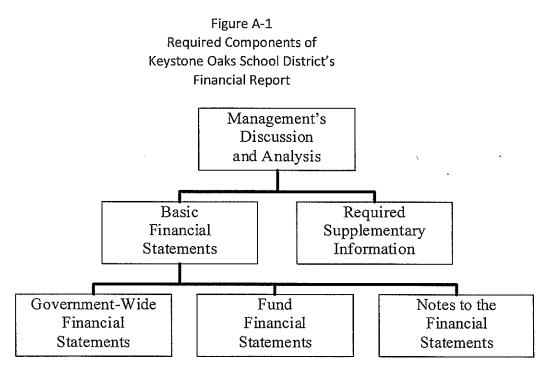


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the School District's financial statements, including the portion of the School District they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Overview of Financial Statements (Cont'd)

Figure A-2
Major Features of Keystone Oaks School District's
Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-Wide		Fund Statements						
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds					
Scope	Entire School District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as education, administration and community services	Activities the School District operates similar to private business - food services	Instances in which the School District is the trustee or agent to someone else's resources					
Required financial statements	Statement of net position; statement of activities	Balance sheet; statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of net position; statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position; statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net position; statement of changes in fiduciary net position					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources Focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term					
Type of in-flow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

## Overview of Financial Statements (Cont'd)

## **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the School District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the School District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the financial health of the School District.

Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position are an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

In order to assess the overall financial health of the School District, you need also consider non-financial factors, such as changes in the School District's property tax base and the performance of its students.

The government-wide financial statements of the School District are divided into two categories:

- Governmental Activities All basic services (instruction, administration and community services) are included here. Property, occupation, earned income taxes and state and federal subsidies finance most of these activities.
- Business-Type Activities The food service operation is a contracted service and costs are covered through fees charged to staff, students and visitors.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the School District as a whole.

Governmental funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. They are reported using the modified accrual accounting method that measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs.

*Proprietary funds* - These funds are used to account for the School District activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector. The food service fund is the School District's proprietary fund and is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements.

## Overview of Financial Statements (Cont'd)

Fund Financial Statements (Cont'd)

Other funds reported by the School District include:

Agency fund - This fund represents the School District's student activity funds.

Special revenue funds - This fund represents the capital reserve fund. This fund is considered a nonmajor governmental fund.

Debt service fund - Accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt.

## Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Much of the change in this statement is a result of payment of debt and completion of capital projects.

Table A-1 Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 Net Position

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Total			
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 16,780,870	\$ 12,626,003	\$ 694,455	\$ 430,098	\$ 17,475,325	\$ 13,056,101		
Non Current Assets	35,734,927	40,484,370	120,339	134,460	35,855,266	40,618,830		
Deferred Outflows	4,849,657	5,680,297			4,849,657	5,680,297		
Total Assets	57,365,454	58,790,670	814,794	564,558	58,180,248	59,355,228		
Current and Other Liabilities	7,911,728	8,948,998	26,295	7,792	7,938,023	8,956,790		
Non Current Liabilities	• •	• •	20,293	1,132	• •			
	76,620,345	78,698,238	= 0=0	40.700	76,620,345	78,698,238		
Deferred Inflows	3,211,597	337,880	7,953	18,763	3,219,550	356,643		
Total Liabilities	87,743,670	87,985,116	34,248	26,555	87,777,918	88,011,671		
						44		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,289,754	10,669,271	120,339	134,460	5,410,093	10,803,731		
Restricted	6,652,047	3,991,903	456,950	271,869	7,108,997	4,263,772		
Unrestricted	(42,320,017)	(43,855,620)	203,257	131,674	(42,116,760)	(43,723,946)		
Total Net Position	\$ (30,378,216)	\$ (29,194,446)	\$ 780,546	\$ 538,003	\$ (29,597,670)	\$ (28,656,443)		

## Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole (Cont'd)

Table A-2 Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
Program Revenues:	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	
Charges for Services	\$ 58,245	\$ 402,646	\$ 450,778	\$ 477,844	\$ 509,023	\$ 880,490	
Operating Grants and Contributions	6,482,842	6,323,331	469,059	548,031	6,951,901	6,871,362	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	24,304,558	24,894,477			24,304,558	24,894,477	
Other Taxes	3,159,645	3,465,246			3,159,645	3,465,246	
<b>Grants Subsidies and Contributions</b>	4,630,240	4,782,796			4,630,240	4,782,796	
Other ·	157,532	68,700	462	2,878	157,994	71,578	
	38,793,062	39,937,196	920,299	1,028,753	39,713,361	40,965,949	
Expenditures:					•		
Depreciation	1,881,424	1,736,687			1,881,424	1,736,687	
Instruction	20,146,137	22,693,566			20,146,137	22,693,566	
Instructional Student Support	1,970,211	2,285,587			1,970,211	2,285,587	
Administrative and Financial Support	3,301,240	3,863,949			3,301,240	3,863,949	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	4,014,741	4,198,008			4,014,741	4,198,008	
Pupil Transportation	2,237,437	2,271,105			2,237,437	2,271,105	
Student Activities	901,759	1,066,076			901,759	1,066,076	
Community Services	21,206	23,492			21,206	23,492	
Debt Service	1,016,734	613,792			1,016,734	613,792	
Food Service			958,646	1,053,091	958,646	1,053,091	
Other		1,164	559,060	218,205	559,060	219,369	
	35,490,889	38,753,426	1,517,706	1,271,296	37,008,595	40,024,722	
Change in Net Position	\$ 3,302,173	\$ 1,183,770	\$ (597,407)	\$ (242,543)	\$ 2,704,766	\$ 941,227	

## Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole (Cont'd)

Table A-3 shows the School District's largest functions - instruction, instructional support, administration and financial support, operation and maintenance, pupil transportation, student activities, community services and interest on long-term debt at net cost for governmental activities only.

Table A-3
Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015
Governmental Activities

	Percentage									Percentage
		Total Cost of Services			Change		Net Cost	vices	Change	
		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>	2015-2016		<u>2015</u>		2016	2015-2016
Function/Programs										
Depreciation - Unallocated	\$	1,881,424	\$	1,736,687	0.0%	\$	1,881,424	\$	1,736,687	0.0%
Instruction		20,146,137		22,693,566	12.6%		15,827,570		18,296,477	15.6%
Instructional Student Support		1,970,211		2,285,587	16.0%		883,106		1,194,748	35.3%
Administrative and Financial Support		3,301,240		3,863,949	17.0%		3,081,961		3,639,556	18.1%
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		4,014,741		4,198,008	4.6%		3,839,489		3,994,566	4.0%
Pupil Transportation		2,237,437		2,271,105	1.5%		1,730,170		1,707,183	-1.3%
Student Activities		901,759		1,066,076	18.2%		777,149		920,960	18.5%
Scholarships and Awards		21,206		23,492	10.8%		18,448		23,492	27.3%
Debt Service - Principal & Interest		1,016,734		613,792	-39.6%		910,485		512,616	-43.7%
Total Governmental Activities	\$	35,490,889	\$	38,752,262	9.2%	\$	28,949,802	\$	32,026,285	10.6%
Less: Unrestricted Grants, Subsidies and Unrestricted Contributions							(4,630,240)		(4,782,796)	
Total Needs from Local Taxes and Other Revenues						\$	24,319,562	\$	27,243,489	

The following table reflects the Food Service Program, the District's only business type activity.

Table A-4 Years Ended June 30, 2016 Business-Type Activities

	To	otal Cost of	Net Cost of Service			
		Service				
Function/Programs			·			
Food Service	\$	1,053,091	\$	58,254		

## **School District Funds**

## General Fund Budget

A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is included in the financial statements.

An overview of variances is included in this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

## **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

## Capital Assets

Table A-5 compares capital assets for the fiscal years June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

# Table A-5 Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation

	2016	2015
Governmental Activities		
Land	\$ 1,355,020	\$ 1,355,020
Land Improvements	5,339,182	3,018,785
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	29,951,895	27,283,293
Furniture and Equipment	198,960	19,806
Construction in Progress	<u>=</u>	
	\$ <u>36,845,057</u>	\$ <u>31,676,904</u>
Business-Type Activities		
Furniture and Equipment	\$ <u>134,460</u>	\$ <u>120,339</u>

## Debt Administration

Table A-6 demonstrates the reduction/addition in outstanding debt for the fiscal year.

Table A-6
Outstanding Debt

General Obligation Bonds	As of 06/30/16	As of 06/30/15
Series of 2010 Series of 2010A	\$ -0-	\$ 10,000
Series of 2010A Series of 2013	9,430,000	-0- 9,435,000
Series of 2013	3,280,000	3,600,000
Series of 2014A	655,000	830,000
Series of 2014B	3,025,000	6,095,000
Series of 2014C	8,160,000	8,365,000
Series of 2015	4 <u>,960,000</u>	5,040,000
	<u>\$29,510,000</u>	<u>\$33,375,000</u>

## **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The School District does not expect significant growth given the lack of real estate available for development but there are a few major projects in development stages. There is development planned by all three boroughs that would impact future growth and development. The City Vista Apartment Project in Greentree Borough is already completed. Dormont Borough has a potential project to revitalize an area between Potomac Avenue and West Liberty Avenue. Castle Shannon Borough is proceeding with Shannon Transit Village a \$35 million project and Ellison Place Townhouses is another possible project.

Future economic factors that will impact the district are Pennsylvania Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) as all Pennsylvania district's employer rates are increasing at an alarming rate. The employer rates were 8.64% in 2011-2012, 12.36% 2012-2013, 16.93% in 2013-2014, 21.40% in 2014-2015, 25.84% in 2015-2016 and future annual rates will be 30.03% 2016-2017, 32.04% 2017-2018, 33.27% 2018-2019, 34.20% 2019-2020 and are expected to level out at that point. These increases will strain all Pennsylvania school districts. Medical Insurance is increasing 1.9% in the coming year but could be much worse if the district was not a member of the Allegheny County Health Insurance Consortium that is setup through Allegheny Intermediate Unit. There is an ongoing situation between Highmark and UPMC that could have an impact on rates for health insurance. Allegheny County implemented reassessment of all properties in calendar year beginning January 1, 2013. This is a major undertaking for Allegheny County School Districts and will have assessment appeals and values changing for the next few years. The values continue to change as there is approximately \$180,000,000 in assessed value still in assessment cases. The assessment directly impacts real estate

taxes and school districts adjusted the millage rate down with assessment increases. Keystone Oaks adjusted the rates from 22.03 to 18.05 based on increased reassessments from the county. The Pennsylvania state law Act 1 of 2006 does not allow school districts a windfall on real estate tax income and the tax dollar amount in the subsequent year must be the same as the current fiscal year.

In June 2012, The School Board adopted a Capital Reserve Plan for the next five (5) years on many needed improvements with facilities and grounds throughout the district. The major items are deteriorating parking lots at all schools in the district, HVAC systems, lighting and fixtures throughout the district, Dormont Stadium turf will need replaced and all roofs nearing useful life expectancy. These parking lots will be costly as most need totally replaced.

Lastly, the district will have three more bond issues that can be refinanced in the near future and with the current economic market's favorable borrowing interest rates can save the district a substantial amount of money. Bond refinancing savings are approximately \$1,000,000 that will be saved over the next nine year period. At this time, debt service payments will be paid through fiscal year 2022.

The comparison of revenue and expenditure categories is as follows:

Table A-7

	Budgeted Revenues 2015/2016	Actual Revenues 2015/2016
Local	71.0%	72.0%
State	28.0%	26.8%
Federal	1.0%	1.2%
	Budgeted Expenditures 2015/2016	Actual Expenditures 2015/2016
Instruction	54.0%	54.0%
Support Services	31.1%	31.3%
Noninstructional	2.7%	2.7%
Fund Transfers/Debt/Other	12.2%	12.0%

## Contacting the School District Financial Management

Keystone Oaks School District's financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the Board's accountability for the money it received. If you have any questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact Keystone Oaks School District, 1000 Kelton Avenue, Pittsburgh, PA 15216, 412-571-6000.

# 

# **Basic Financial Statements**

## KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,337,843	\$ 359,196	\$	2,697,039	
Investments	7,242,233	441,952		7,684,185	
Taxes Receivable (net)	738,241	·		738,241	
Internal Balances	531,356	(531,356)			
Due from Other Governments	1,622,507	116,918		1,739,425	
Other Receivables	144,015	11,443		155,458	
Inventories		31,945		31,945	
Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures	9,808			9,808	
Long Term Receivables	3,639,313			3,639,313	
Capital Assets (net)	36,845,057	134,460		36,979,517	
TOTAL ASSETS	53,110,373	564,558		53,674,931	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension Related	5,463,988		\$	5,463,988	
Deferred Refunding Loss	216,309		·	216,309	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,680,297			5,680,297	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 58,790,670	\$ 564,558	\$	59,355,228	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 240,969	\$ 7,792	\$	248,761	
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	2,426,740	· //·	~	2,426,740	
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	2,133,975			2,133,975	
Interest Payable	212,314			212,314	
Long-Term Liabilities:	,			,	
Portions Due or Payable Within One Year:					
Bonds Payable - Net of Related Premiums/Discounts	3,935,000			3,935,000	
Portions Due or Payable After One Year:					
Bonds Payable - Net of Related Premiums/Discounts.	26,096,408			26,096,408	
Net Pension Liability	50,566,000			50,566,000	
Long-term Portion of Compensated Absences	418,189			418,189	
OPEB Obligation	1,617,641			1,617,641	
Total Liabilities	87,647,236	7,792		87,655,028	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension Related	311,000			311,000	
Unearned Revenue	26,880	18,763		45,643	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	337,880	18,763		356,643	
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,669,271	134,460		10,803,731	
Restricted for:					
Capital Projects	1,390,775			1,390,775	
Designated Purposes	2,601,128	074 000		2,601,128	
Risk Management	140 000 00-1	271,869		271,869	
Unrestricted	(43,855,620)	131,674		(43,723,946)	
TOTAL NET POSITION	(29,194,446)	538,003	·	(28,656,443)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					
RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 58,790,670	\$ 564,558	<u> </u>	59,355,228	

# KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Program Revenues				Net (Expense)			
	<del></del>	Expenses		Charges r Services	G	Operating Grants and entributions	(	and Changes in I Governmental Activities	Bus	sition iness-type activities	 Total
Governmental Activities Depreciation - Unallocated Instruction Instructional Student Support Administrative and Financial Support Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Student Activities Community Services Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$	1,736,687 22,693,566 2,285,587 3,863,949 4,198,008 2,271,105 1,066,076 23,492 613,792	\$	337,361 65,285 402,646		4,059,728 1,090,839 224,393 203,442 563,922 79,831 - 101,176	\$	(1,736,687) (18,296,477) (1,194,748) (3,639,556) (3,994,566) (1,707,183) (920,960) (23,492) (512,616) (32,026,285)	\$		\$ (1,736,687) (18,296,477) (1,194,748) (3,639,556) (3,994,566) (1,707,183) (920,960) (23,492) (512,616) (32,026,285)
Total Governmental Activities  Business Type Activities  Food Service  Risk Management		38,752,262 1,053,091 45		446,806 31,038		548,031		(32,020,263)		(58,254) 30,993	 (58,254) 30,993
Total Business Type Activities		1,053,136		477,844		548,031				(27,261)	 (27,261)
Total Government	\$	39,805,398	\$	880,490	\$	6,871,362	\$	(32,026,285)	\$	(27,261)	\$ (32,053,546)
General Revenues, Special and Extraordinary Items and Transfers Taxes Property Taxes Other Taxes Grants, Subsidies and Contributions, Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Income Miscellaneous Expense Transfers Between Governmental and Business Type Activities								24,894,477 3,465,246 4,782,796 65,800 2,900 {1,164}		1,714 (218,160) 1,164	24,894,477 3,465,246 4,782,796 67,514 2,900 (218,160)
Total General Revenues, Special and Extraordinary Items and Transfers								33,210,055		(215,282)	32,994,773
Change in Net Position			•					1,183,770		(242,543)	941,227
Net Position - Beginning								(30,378,216)		780,546	 (29,597,670)
Net Position - Ending							\$	(29,194,446)	\$	538,003	\$ (28,656,443)

KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Funds							
			Сар	ital Projects	Deb	t Service		
	G	eneral Fund		Fund		Fund		Totals
ASSETS		·			*** ***			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,009,768	\$	326,774	\$	1,301	\$	2,337,843
Investments (At Fair Value)		7,242,233						7,242,233
Taxes Receivable (Net)		138,241						138,241
Due From Other Funds		531,356		1,100,000				1,631,356
Intergovernmental Receivables		1,622,507						1,622,507
Other Receivables (Net)		144,015						144,015
Prepaid Expenditures		9,808						9,808
Total Assets	\$	11,697,928	\$	1,426,774	\$	1,301	\$	13,126,003
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Due to Other Funds	\$	1,100,000	\$		\$		\$	1,100,000
Accounts Payable		204,970		35,999				240,969
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		2,426,740						2,426,740
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		2,133,975						2,133,975
Total Liabilities		5,865,685	•	35,999				5,901,684
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unearned Revenue		26,880						26,880
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		26,880						26,880
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid Expenditures		9,808						9,808
Committed to:								
Capital Projects				1,390,775				1,390,775
Debt Service						1,301		1,301
Employer Retirement Costs		901,128						901,128
Health Insurance Costs		500,000						500,000
Post-Retirement Benefits		1,200,000						1,200,000
Assigned to:								
Athletics		40,136						40,136
Budget Deficit		422,075						422,075
Unassigned:		2,732,216				norm or		2,732,216
Total Fund Balances		5,805,363	-	1,390,775		1,301		7,197,439
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	11,697,928	<u>\$</u>	1,426,774	\$	1,301	\$	13,126,003

# KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 7,197,439
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$79,130,339 and the accumulated depreciation is \$42,285,282.	36,845,057
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	(30,031,408)
Long-term state subsidies receivable on future principal debt payments on long-term bonds payable are not assets in the funds.	3,639,313
Accrued interest expense on long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported as a liability in the funds.	(212,314)
Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditure, and therefore are deferred in the funds.	600,000
Deferred Gains and Losses on Refunding of Bonds are not reported in the governmental funds. They constitute deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.	216,309
Net Pension Obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(50,566,000)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Deferred outflows of resources related to pension of \$5,463,988 = \$2,763,000 deferred outflows of resources related to pension expense + \$2,700,988 deferred outflow of 2015/2016 employer	
contributions related to pensions.	5,463,988
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(311,000)
Long-term portion of retirement obligations and compensated absences.	 (2,035,830)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (29,194,446)

# KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Governmental Funds				
	General	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Totals		
Revenues	47					
Local Sources						
Taxes	\$ 28,414,723	\$	\$	\$ 28,414,723		
Other Local Revenues	670,710	6,056		676,766		
State Sources	10,825,942			10,825,942		
Federal Sources	485,905		····	485,905		
Total Revenues	40,397,280	6,056		40,403,336		
Expenditures						
Instruction	21,230,969			21,230,969		
Support Services	12,322,174	212,122		12,534,296		
Operation Of Non-Instructional Services	1,049,651			1,049,651		
Capital Outlay		5,959,494		5,959,494		
Debt Service						
Principal and Interest	4,730,469			4,730,469		
Total Expenditures	39,333,263	6,171,616		45,504,879		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	1,064,017	(6,165,560)		(5,101,543)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Insurance Proceeds	7,570			7,570		
Interfund Transfers In						
Interfund Transfers (Out)	(1,164)			(1,164)		
Total Other Financing Sources & (Uses)	6,406			6,406		
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,070,423	(6,165,560)		(5,095,137)		
Fund Balances - July 1, 2015	4,734,940	7,556,335	1,301	12,292,576		
Fund Balances - June 30, 2016	\$ 5,805,363	\$ 1,390,775	\$ 1,301	\$ 7,197,439		

# KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ (5,095,137)
Depreciation Expense		(1,736,687)
Capital outlays are reported governmental funds as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		6,904,840
Long-term receivable adjustment for amounts received from the state in debt service subsidies that are applicable to principal payments made.		(418,710)
Amortization of bond premiums, discounts, and deferred charges on bonds.		270,490
Some delinquent property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred tax revenues increased by this amount this year.		(55,000)
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest recognized as the interest accrues regardless of when it is due. The additional interest reported in the statement of activities is the result of accrued interest payable.		40,717
In the statement of activities, compensated absences and other post employment benefits are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, these items are measured by the amounts paid.		(138,901)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt in the statement of net position.		3,865,000
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense		
District pension contributions  Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	(297,842)	(2.452.942)
-	(2,155,000)	 (2,452,842)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	=	\$ 1,183,770

# KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET VS ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Original	,, 201	Final		Actual	_	Over (Under)
Revenues		Budget		Budget	(bu	dgetary basis)	Bu	dget - Final
Local Sources								
Taxes	\$	27 115 002	٠,	27 445 002	٠	20 44 4 720		4 000 00.
Other Local Revenues	Þ	27,115,892	\$	27,115,892	\$	28,414,723	\$	1,298,831
State Sources		539,496		539,496		670,710		131,214
Federal Sources		10,900,050		10,900,050		10,825,942		(74,10
Total Revenues		422,147	-	422,147	-	485,905		63,75
lotal Reveilues		38,977,585		38,977,585		40,397,280		1,419,69
Expenditures								
Instruction								
Regular Programs		15,672,271		15,672,271		15,403,819		(268,45)
Special Programs		4,426,561		4,426,561		4,809,299		382,73
Vocational Education		445,652		445,652		409,242		(36,410
Other Instructional Programs		492,149		492,149		608,609		116,460
Total Instruction		21,036,633		21,036,633		21,230,969		194,33
Support Services				,,		,,		23 1,33
Pupil Personnel		1,183,038		1,183,038		1,139,694		(43,344
Instructional Staff		396,976		396,976		426,389		29,41
Administration		2,191,996		2,191,996		2,262,589		70,59
Pupil Health		560,045		560,045		571,078		11,03
Business		734,881		734,881		608,735		(126,14
Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services		4,217,914		4,217,914		4,358,078		140,16
Student Transportation Services		2,201,039		2,201,039		2,265,496		64,45
Central		581,168		581,168		653,057		71,88
Other Support Services		40,000		40,000		37,058		(2,94
Total Support Services		12,107,057		12,107,057		12,322,174		215,11
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		,,		22,207,057		12,522,17		217,11
Student Activities		1,051,153		1,051,153		1,026,851		(24,30
Community Services		30,413		30,413		22,800		(7,61
Total Non-Instructional Services		1,081,566		1,081,566		1,049,651	*****	(31,91
Debt Service								
Principal and Interest		4,722,329		4,722,329		4,730,469		8,14
Total Expenditures	***********	38,947,585		38,947,585		39,333,263	****	385,67
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								303,07
Over Expenditures		30,000		30,000		1,064,017		1,034,01
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Insurance Proceeds						7 570		7
Interfund Transfers In						7,570		7,57
Interfund Transfers (Out)		(30,000)		(30,000)		11 101		20.02
Total Other Financing Sources & (Uses)		(30,000)		(30,000)		(1,164)		28,83
rotal odici Filiancing Jources & (Oses)		(50,000)	_	(50,000)		6,406		36,40
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		1,070,423		1,070,42
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015		4,734,940		4,734,940		4,734,940		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016	\$	4,734,940	\$	4,734,940	\$	5,805,363	\$	1,070,42

## KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

No.

	Fo	Food Service Fund		
ASSETS				gement Fund
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	87,327	\$	271,869
investments		441,952		·
Due from Other Governments		116,918		
Other Receivables		11,443		
Inventories		31,945		
Total Current Assets		689,585		271,869
Noncurrent Assets:				
Food Service Equipment (Net of Depreciation)		134,460		
Total Noncurrent Assets		134,460		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	824,045	\$	271,869
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Due to Other Funds	\$	531,356	\$	
Accounts Payable	*	7,792	7	
Total Current Liabilities		539,148		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unearned Revenue		18,763		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u> </u>	18,763		
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		134,460		
Restricted for:		,		
Risk Management				271,869
Unrestricted		131,674		_
Total Net Position		266,134		271,869
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$	824,045	\$	271,869

# KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Risk Management Fu		
Operating Revenues				
Food Service Revenue	\$	446,806	\$	
Other Operating Revenue				31,038
Total Operating Revenue		446,806		
Operating Expenses				
Personal Services - Salaries		376,755	,	
Personal Services - Benefits		161,575		
Purchased Professional and Technical Services		77		
Purchased Property Services		32,486		
Other Purchased Services		1,752		
Supplies		440,842		45
Other Objects		59		
Depreciation Expense	<del></del>	39,545		
Total Operating Expenses		1,053,091		45
Operating Income (Loss)		(606,285)		30,993
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Operating Subsidies				
State Subsidies		87,965		
Federal Subsidies				
Lunch and Breakfast Subsidies		403,168		
Value of Donated Commodities Received		56,898		
Refund of Prior Year Receipts				(218,160)
Earnings on Investments		792		922
Total Nonoperating Revenue and Expense		548,823		(217,238)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		(57,462)		(186,245)
Contributions and Transfers Transfers from Other Funds	<del></del>			1,164
Change in Net Position		(57,462)		(185,081)
Net Position - July 1, 2015		323,596		456,950
Net Position - June 30, 2016	\$	266,134	\$	271,869

## KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Food Service	Mana	Risk gement Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	, ,,,,,,,		
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 446,856	\$	
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(92,032)		
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(431,834)		
Cash Paid for Risk Management Activities			(45)
Cash Received for Risk Management Activities			31,038
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(77,010)		30,993
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Grants and Subsidies Received for Non-Operating Activities			
State Subsidies	81,616		
Federal Subsidies	307,811		
Transfer from Other Funds	,		1,164
Refund of Prior Year Receipts			(221,683)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	389,427		(220,519)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Purchase of Equipment	(53,666)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	 (53,666)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Earnings on Investments	792		922
Withdrawals (Purchases of) from Investment Pools	(243,111)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	 (242,319)		922
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Equivalents	16,432		(188,604)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	 70,895		460,473
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 87,327	\$	271,869
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Used			
By Operating Activities			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (606,285)	\$	30,993
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net			
Cash Used by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	39,545		
Donated Commodities Used	56,898		
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
Accounts Receivable	50		
Inventories	(9,346)		
Due to/Due From Other Funds	446,298		
Accounts Payable	(14,980)		
Unearned Revenues	10,810		
Total Adjustments	529,275		***************************************
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (77,010)	\$	30,993

## Noncash Noncapital Financing Activities:

(

During the year, the District received \$39,545 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

## KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

( .

•	Private I Trust	•	Agency Funds Student Activities			
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,041	\$	93,105		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,041	\$	93,105		
10.7.10.100210	7	7,041	7	23,103		
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Other Current Liabilities			\$	93,105		
Total Liabilities				93,105		
NET POSITION						
Unrestricted		7,041				
Total Net Position		7,041				
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	7,041	\$	93,105		
	<u> </u>	7,011	~	J-7,10J		

# KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

( .

	Private Purpos Trust Fund		
Additions			
Contributions	\$	3,902	
Interest Income		11	
Total Additions		3,913	
Daduations			
Deductions  Calcalantin Assessed		4 022	
Scholarship Awards		1,822	
Total Deductions		1,822	
Change in Net Position		2,091	
Net Position - July 1, 2015		4,950	
Net Position - June 30, 2016	\$	7,041	

## Keystone Oaks School District Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Keystone Oaks School District (the "School District") is located in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, and provides public education to residents of the Boroughs of Castle Shannon, Dormont, and Green Tree.

## A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Keystone Oaks School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

In evaluating the School District as a primary government in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity," management has addressed all potential component units. Consistent with this Statement, the criteria used by the School District to evaluate possible inclusion of related entities within its reporting entity are financial accountability and the nature and significance of the relationship. Upon review of this criteria, the School District determined that there were no potential component units that met the criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity.

The School District is however a participant in a jointly governed organization: Parkway West Career and Technology Center. The Center is not considered part of the reporting entity, as the School District is not financially accountable for the school. See Note 8 for details on operating information about this entity.

## **B.** Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of Keystone Oaks School District have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

## 1. Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities and business-type activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service program or department and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net position and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances are eliminated.

## 2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including the fiduciary funds. Separate statement for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

## C. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

## 1. Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current

financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

The General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Normal debt service payments for general long-term debt are recorded in the General Fund by the School District.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is the School District's construction fund and accounts for funds which are typically borrowed or transferred from the general fund and used for major capital improvements.

The other governmental fund of the School District, a debt service fund, accounts for other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund accounts for resources accumulated to provide for payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

## 2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The following are the School District's proprietary funds:

## **Enterprise Fund**

The Enterprise Fund may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

## Food Service

The Food Service Fund accounts for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the School District. This fund is the School District's only enterprise fund and it is reported as a major fund.

## Internal Service Funds

The Internal Service Fund may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to internal users for goods or services.

## Risk Management

The Risk Management internal service fund accounts for the financial transactions related to the risk management activities of the School District. This fund is used to account for the potential claims arising from certain torts, thefts, damages, and catastrophic loss of assets, errors and omissions, injury to employees and natural disasters incurred by the School District. The School District uses this fund to accumulate funds to protect against losses for which insurance cannot be obtained by reason of policy limitations or deductibles or uninsurability. See Note 11 for additional details on

the operation of this fund. This fund is the School District's only internal service fund and it is reported as a major fund.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the School District's enterprise fund are food service charges. Operating expenses for the School District's enterprise fund include food production costs, supplies, administrative costs, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues or expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the School District's internal service fund are insurance reimbursements and transfers from the general fund. Operating expenses for the School District's internal service fund include payments for claims. All revenues or expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

## 3. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency fund accounts for various student-managed activities.

## Agency Funds

Student Activity Fund - This fund is utilized to account for monies authorized by Section 511 of the Public School Code of 1949 for student activities, publications and organizations.

## Private Purpose Trust Fund

Scholarship Fund - This is a non-expendable trust fund established to provide income for a continuing scholarship. The basis of accounting for non-expendable trust funds is full accrual.

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. These organizations exist with the explicit approval of and are subject to revocation by the Board.

## D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

## 1. Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized

in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

## 2. Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reflects the sources (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds.

## 3. Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, grants, interest, tuition and student fees.

## 4. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2016, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2017 operations, are recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are reported as unearned revenue.

#### 5. Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### **E. Budgetary Process**

Generally accepted accounting principles serve as the budgetary basis of accounting. In accordance with state law, an annual budget prepared by function and object is formally adopted for the General Fund. The School District does not formally adopt budgets for other funds.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the budget when the original appropriations were adopted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to budget transfer amendments between functions, as allowed by the Public School Code, throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary financial statement reflect the first appropriation resolution for the general fund that covered the entire fiscal year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation that includes budget transfer amendments as passed by the Board during the fiscal year. The measurement level of control over expenditures for all budgeted funds is the surplus or deficit of the fund as a whole.

The School District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to May of the preceding fiscal year, the School District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A meeting of the Board of School Directors is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. The meeting may only be held after 30 days of public notification.
- Prior to July 1, the Board of School Directors legally enacts the budget through passage of a resolution.
- The budget must be filed with the Pennsylvania Department of Education by July 31 of the fiscal year.

#### F. Encumbrances

Encumbrances at year-end are reported in the fund financial statements as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, but serve as authorization for expenditures in the subsequent year. As of June 30, 2016, the School District has no encumbrances.

#### G. Cash and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund considers all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased and pooled funds investments subject to daily withdrawal to be cash equivalents.

Custodial Credit Risk - Under Section 440.1 of the Public School Code of 1949, as amended, the School District is permitted to invest funds consistent with sound business practices in the following types of investments, certain money market mutual funds, and deposit accounts:

Obligations of (a) the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, (b) the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or (c) any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.

Act 20, a Pennsylvania law enacted in June of 1995, expands the allowable investment vehicles to include certain money market mutual funds rated as "AAA" whose investments are limited to those mentioned in the previous paragraph.

Deposits in savings accounts or time deposits or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the extent that such accounts are so insured and, for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as provided by law therefore shall be pledged by the depository. Due to higher cash flows at certain times during the year and the School District's investments in certificates of deposit, its demand deposit balances increase significantly. As a result, the amounts collateralized with pooled deposit funds not held in the School District's name at those times were substantially higher than at year-end.

Interest Rate Risk — The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issue.

Method to Estimate Fair Value - Investments are stated at fair market value.

#### Deposits

Below is a summary of the School District's deposits which are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, and those which are not insured or collateralized in the School District's name, but collateralized in accordance with Act 72 of the Pennsylvania State Legislature which

requires the financial institution to pool collateral for all government deposits and have the collateral held by an approved custodian in the institution's name.

	FDIC Insured	Pooled Collateral	Bank Balance	Carrying Amount
Cash and Deposits	\$ 251,859	\$ 3,733,576	\$ 3,985,435	\$ 2,797,185

#### Investments

The District's investments at June 30, 2016 consist of:

	Cost	Fair Value
Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust	\$ 7,358,340	\$ 7,358,340
Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund	154,830	154,830
Pennsylvania Treasurer's Investment Program	171,015	171,015
Total	\$ 7,684,185	\$ 7,684,185

The Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund and the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust are investment pools. The fair value of the investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares owned. Although the pools seek to maintain the net position value of \$1 per share, there can be no guarantee that the net asset values will not vary from this price.

For PSDLAF, internal oversight resides with a Board of Trustees consisting of local school board members, school business officials and the Executive Directors of PASBO and PSBA. For outside oversight, the Fund is monitored on a weekly basis by Standard & Poor's, which has rated PSDLAF AAAm, the highest rating available for a money market fund.

For PLGIT, regulatory oversight resides with the Board of Trustees and Trust Administration. The participants of the trust annually select an independent auditing firm to examine, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The Trust is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Contacts with prospective investors relating to the shares of the pool are conducted through the Investment Adviser's wholly owned subsidiary, PFMAM, Inc., member NASD.

#### H. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable consist of delinquent real estate taxes due at June 30, 2016, less an allowance for the amount of these delinquencies not expected to be collected within the next fiscal year.

#### I. Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, transactions sometime occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables, to the extent they exist, are classified as "Due from Other Funds" or "Due to Other Funds" on the balance sheet.

#### J. Inventories

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, and are expensed when used.

Inventories in governmental funds are stated at cost by the first-in, first-out method. The purchase method is used to account for inventories. Under the purchase method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, an estimated value of inventories is reported as an asset in the General Fund. The inventories in the General Fund are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. The General Fund did not have a material inventory balance as of June 30, 2016.

A physical inventory of the Food Service Fund food and supplies was taken as of June 30, 2016. The inventory consisted of food supplies and government donated commodities (valued using USDA values) using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Any unused commodities donated by the federal government at June 30, 2016 are reported as unearned revenue.

#### K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Management has elected to include certain homogeneous asset categories with individual assets less than \$1,500 as composite groups for financial reporting purposes. In addition, capital assets purchased with long-term debt may be capitalized regardless of the thresholds established. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

All capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives.

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land Improvements	10 - 15 years
Buildings and Building Improvements	20 - 50 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years
Machinery and Equipment	6 - 10 years

### L. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### N. Fund Balances

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement #54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. All amounts reported as nonspendable at June 30, 2016 by the School District are nonspendable in form.
- Restricted includes amounts that are restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed
  fund balance is reported pursuant to resolutions passed by the Board of School
  Directors, the District's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be
  modified or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of School
  Directors.
- Assigned includes amounts that the School District intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Under the School District's established policy, amounts may be assigned by the Business Manager of the School District.
- Unassigned includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the School District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of School Directors has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Fund balances in the School District's general fund totals \$5,805,363 consisting of \$2,601,128 that is committed for employer retirement costs, health insurance costs, and post-retirement benefits, \$9,808 that is nonspendable for prepaid expenditures, \$422,075 and \$40,136 that is assigned for a 16/17 budget deficit and athletics, respectively, and \$2,732,216 that is unassigned. In addition, \$1,390,775 is a committed fund balance in the capital projects fund.

#### O. Extraordinary and Special Items

000000000

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of management and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither of these types of transactions occurred during the fiscal year.

## Note 2 - Real Estate and Unearned Revenue

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of July 1<sup>st</sup> of the year following levy. Taxes are levied on July 1. The School District bills and collects its own property taxes through locally elected tax collectors. Collection of delinquent property taxes is contracted to a private collection agency. The tax levy for fiscal 2016 was based on assessed values on January 1, 2015 of \$1,353,629,279. The School District tax rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 18.63 mills as levied by the School Board.

Taxes may be paid at a 2% discount until September 30<sup>th</sup>, at face until November 30<sup>th</sup>, and at a 10% penalty until the lien date.

The School District, in accordance with GAAP, recognized the delinquent and unpaid taxes receivable reduced by an allowance for uncollectible taxes as determined by the administration. A portion of the net amount estimated to be collectible, which was measurable and available within 60 days, was recognized as revenue and the balance deferred in the fund financial statements. This balance, net of allowances, is \$138,241.

# Note 3 - Changes in Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions	Retir	ements		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities								
Non-depreciable assets:								
Land	\$	1,355,020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,355,020
Depreciable assets								
Land Improvements		7,552,794		2,663,620				10,216,414
Buildings		58,384,997		3,821,851				62,206,848
Equipment		4,932,688		419,369				5,352,057
Totals at historical cost		72,225,499		6,904,840		-		79,130,339
Less accumulated depreciation for:	-				***************************************			-
Land Improvements		(4,534,009)		(343,223)				(4,877,232)
Buildings		(31,101,704)		(1,153,249)				(32,254,953)
Equipment		(4,912,882)		(240,215)				(5,153,097)
Total accumulated depreciation		(40,548,595)		(1,736,687)		_		(42,285,282)
Governmental activities capital								
assets, net	\$	31,676,904	\$	5,168,153	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	36,845,057
Business-type Activities								
Depreciable assets:		**						
Equipment	\$	372,669	\$	53,666	\$	_	Ś	426,335
Totals at historical cost		372,669	<u> </u>	53,666		_		426,335
Less accumulated depreciation for:		·····	******					
Equipment		(252,330)		(39,545)				(291,875)
Total accumulated depreciation		(252,330)		(39,545)		_		(291,875)
Business-type activities capital			_				-	
asset, net	\$	120,339	\$	14,121	\$	_	\$	134,460
· Depreciation expense was charged to govern	mental fu	nctions as follo	ws:					
Instruction							\$	-
Support								
Plant								
Transportation								
Unallocated-governmental funds								1,736,687
Total depreciation expense							\$	1,736,687
•							÷	* *

In the 2015-2016 school year, building renovations and equipment purchases added \$6,904,840 to the historical cost of governmental activities and \$53,666 to the cost basis of business activities. Depreciation expense for that same time period was \$1,736,687 and \$39,545, resulting in a net book value increase of \$5,168,153 and \$14,121 for the governmental activities and business activities, respectively.

# Note 4 - General Long-Term Debt

Changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2016 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	,	Additions	R	leductions	Ending Balance	0	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:								
Bonds, loans & leases payable								
Capital improvement bonds	\$ 33,375,000	\$	•	\$	(3,865,000)	\$ 29,510,000	\$	3,935,000
	33,375,000		-		(3,865,000)	29,510,000	•	3,935,000
Plus net bond premium	925,022				(334,737)	590,285		
Less net bond discount	(81,606)		12,729			(68,877)		
Total bonds, loans						·		
and leases payable	34,218,416		12,729		(4,199,737)	30,031,408		3,935,000
Other liabilities:								
Compensated absences	408,674		91,893		(82,378)	418,189		
OPEB Obligation	1,488,255		1,114,541		(985,155)	1,617,641		-
Total other liabilities	 1,896,929		1,206,434		(1,067,533)	 2,035,830		-
Governmental activities		***************************************						TTO. 11 TO 1 TO 1 TO 1 TO 1 TO 1 TO 1 TO
long-term liabilities	\$ 36,115,345	\$	1,219,163	\$	(5,267,270)	\$ 32,067,238	\$	3,935,000

#### General Obligation Bonds

General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2010, issuance amount of \$6,020,000, variable rates from 2.0% to 3.6% with final payment due April 15, 2022. These bonds were partially refunded in the 14/15 year with the issuance of the Series C of 2014 Bonds. These bonds were fully repaid as of June 30, 2016.

General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2013, issuance amount of \$9,440,000, variable rates from 2.0% to 3.0% with final payment due October 15, 2019.

General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2013A, issuance amount of \$3,950,000, variable rates from 0.5% to 3.0% with final payment due February 15, 2022.

General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2014A, issuance amount of \$970,000, variable rates from 0.25% to 2.0% with final payment due October 15, 2017.

General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2014B, issuance amount of \$6,165,000, variable rates from 0.25% to 2.0% with final payment due September 1, 2016.

General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2014C, issuance amount of \$8,375,000, variable rates from 2.0% to 3.0% with final payment due April 15, 2023.

General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2015, issuance amount of \$5,040,000, variable rates from 2.0% to 3.0% with final payment due March 1, 2021.

The balances remaining on the remaining seven series at June 30, 2016 are:

2013 General Obligation Bonds	\$ 9,430,000
2013A General Obligation Bonds	3,280,000
2014A General Obligation Bonds	655,000
2014B General Obligation Bonds	3,025,000
2014C General Obligation Bonds	8,160,000
2015 General Obligation Bonds	4,960,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 29,510,000

The amounts necessary to amortize outstanding bonds for the next five years and to maturity are:

	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2017	\$ 3,935,000	\$ 785,126	\$ 4,720,126
2018	4,370,000	683,131	5,053,131
2019	4,495,000	553,081	5,048,081
2020	4,505,000	439,797	4,944,797
2021	4,560,000	361,813	4,921,813
2022-2023	7,645,000	 339,600	 7,984,600
Total	\$ 29,510,000	\$ 3,162,548	\$ 32,672,548

The General Fund is used to liquidate the liability for long-term debt. Interest expense disclosed in the government wide financial statements includes interest paid on long term debt obligations, refund of prior year revenues and unamortized costs related to refunding of debt.

# Note 5 - Pension Plan

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and addition to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are

recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

#### Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.psers.state.pa.us">www.psers.state.pa.us</a>.

#### **Benefits Provided**

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year of credited service: (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

#### **Contributions**

#### Member Contributions:

Active members who joined the system prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25 % (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50 % (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the system on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25 % (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50 % (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the system after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011 contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011 automatically contribute at the membership Class T-E rate of 7.50% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011 who elect Class T-F membership contribute at 10.3% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause the Membership class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.5% and 9.5% and membership class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.3% and 12.3%.

#### **Employer Contributions:**

The School District's contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was 25.00% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$2,700,988 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

# 2. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$50,566,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2014 to June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.1167 percent, which was an increase of 0.0046 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,168,000. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	209,000
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings			102,000
Changes in proportions	2,763,000		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,700,988		
	\$ 5,463,988	\$	311,000

\$2,700,988 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended Jun	ie 30,	
2	.016	\$ 488,000
2	.017	488,000
2	.018	488,000
2	019	989 000

#### **Actuarial** assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2015 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay
- Investment return 7.50%, includes inflation at 3.00%
- Salary increases Effective average of 5.50%, which reflects an allowance for inflation of 3.00%, real wage growth of 1%, and merit or seniority increases of 1.50%
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables (male and female) with age set back 3 years for both males and females. For disabled annuitants the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the experience study that was performed for the five-year period ending June 30, 2010. The recommended assumption changes based on this experience study were adopted by the Board at its March 11, 2011 Board meeting, and were effective beginning with the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce a long-term expected rate of return by

weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Public markets global equity	22.5%	4.8%
Private markets (equity)	15.0%	6.6%
Private real estate	12.0%	4.5%
Global fixed income	7.5%	2.4%
U.S. long treasuries	3.0%	1.4%
TIPS	12.0%	1.1%
High yield bonds	6.0%	3.3%
Cash	3.0%	0.7%
Absolute return	10.0%	4.9%
Risk parity	10.0%	3.7%
MLPs/Infrastructure	5.0%	5.2%
Commodities	8.0%	3.1%
Financing (LIBOR)	-14.0%	1.1%
	100%	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015.

#### Discount Rate

0

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

		Current	
		Discount	1%
	1% Decrease	rate	Increase
	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 62,306,000	\$ 50,549,000	\$ 40,667,000

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.state.pa.us.

	2016	2015	2014
Total payroll for the year ended	\$ 15,658,553	\$ 15,634,545	\$ 15,073,581
Total covered payroll	14,811,188	14,658,192	13,920,136
Total required retirement expense	3,827,211	3,136,853	2,356,679
Total actual retirement expense	3,827,211	3,136,853	2,356,679
Percentage of required contribution	100%	100%	100%
Contribution percentage actuarially determined	25.84	21.40	16.93

# Note 6 - Compensated Absences & Other Post-Employment Benefits

The School District has made early retirement benefits available to certain employees. The benefit is (1) payment for unused sick days at retirement. The payable for declared retirements is recorded as a current liability in the General Fund at the time of retirement. With respect to other employees that do not meet the criteria established by the School District for early retirement, these employees are not eligible to receive payment for their unused sick days at retirement. The General Fund has been used to liquidate the accumulated liability for retirement benefits. The dollar amounts of the benefits are as follows:

	Sick Day Liability		
June 30, 2015 Balance	\$	408,674	
Increases		91,893	
Decreases		(82,378)	
June 30, 2016 Balance	\$	418,189	

# Note 7 – Other Post Employment Benefits

The District maintains a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides health insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the District's health insurance plan.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the Board of School Directors. The Annual Required Contribution for the year ended June 30, 2016 was not made by the District.

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of July 1, 2015 the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$5,431,723.

## **Schedule of Funding Progress**

		Actuarial	
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded
Valuation	Value of	Liability AAL –	AAL (UAAL)
Date	Assets (a)	Entry Age (b)	(b)-(a)
<u>7/1/2011</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 5,593,844</u>	<u>\$ 5,593,844</u>
<u>7/1/2013</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 5,641,870</u>	<u>\$ 5,641,870</u>
7/1/2015	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ 5,431,723	\$ 5,431,723

Annual Required Contribution. For the 2015/2016 year, the District's annual required contribution of \$1,389,313 was not made. The required contribution was determined as part of the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method.

		Annual		
		Required		
	Fiscal Year	Contribution	Percentage of	Net Pension
_	Ending	(ARC)	ARC Contributed	Obligation
	6/30/12	\$ 1,303,204	82.7%	\$ 569,655
	6/30/13	1,356,885	71.9%	845,767
	6/30/14	1,444,154	66.4%	1,174,810
	6/30/15	1,227,252	74.5%	1,488,255
	6/30/16	1,389,313	70.9%	1,617,141

#### 2015/2016 Contribution Details

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 1,389,313
Interest on NET OPEB Obligation @ 4.00%	59,530
Adjustment to ARC	(334,302)
Annual OPEB Cost	1,114,541
Contributions Made	(985,155)
Estimated Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	129,386
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	1,488,255
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$ 1,617,641

The following assumptions were also made:

Mortality – The RP-2014 Total Data Set Mortality Table Projected Using MP-2015.

Rates of Disablement - Not assumed.

Marital Status — Actual spousal information was utilized for current retirees. For the active population, it was assumed that 50% of employees will have a covered spouse at retirement. Females are assumed to be three years younger than males.

Salary Increase – 3.00%

Health Care Trend Rates – 7.0% in the first year, gradually decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.5%.

Participation – It is assumed that 100% of eligible teachers and administrators will participate in the retiree medical program.

# Note 8 - Jointly Governed Organizations

The School District is one of twelve member school districts of the Parkway West Career & Technology Center. The Center is controlled and governed by the Joint Board, which is composed of all the school board members of all the member districts. Direct oversight of the Center's operations is the responsibility of the Joint Committee, which consists of one representative from each participating school district. No member of the Jointure exercises specific control over the fiscal policies or operations of The Center. The School District's share of annual operating and capital costs for the Center fluctuates based on the percentage enrollment in the school and is reflected as intergovernmental expenditures of the General Fund. The audit report may be obtained by calling the business office of the School District.

# Note 9- Commitments and Contingencies

The Keystone Oaks School District participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantor agencies or their representatives. The audits of some of these programs for and including the year ended June 30, 2016 have not yet been conducted. Accordingly, the School District's compliance with applicable

grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the School District expects such amounts to be immaterial.

### Note 10 – Interfund Balances

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2016 were:

Interfund Receivable		Interfund Payable		
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 1,100,000	General Fund	<del></del> \$	1,100,000
General Fund	531,356	Cafeteria Fund		531,356
	\$ 1,631,356		\$	1,631,356

The above amount due to the Capital Projects fund represents amounts being set aside for future capital improvements.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the following interfund level transfers were made:

Transfers From		Transfers To	
General Fund	\$ 1,164	Risk Management Fund	\$ 1,164
	\$ 1,164		\$ 1,164

# Note 11 - Risk Management

General Risk — The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to certain torts, thefts, damages, catastrophic loss of assets, errors and omissions, injury to employees and natural disasters. Keystone Oaks School District manages most of its risk through the general fund with the purchase of commercial insurance coverage. However, for those amounts not covered by insurance by reason of policy limitations or deductibles or uninsurability, the School District has established a Risk Management Fund to account for and to accumulate money to be used in the event of such uninsured losses.

The District estimates that the amount of actual or potential claims against the District as of June 30, 2016 will not materially affect the financial condition of the District and will be covered under the present insurance coverage.

# Note 12 - Health Insurance Consortium

The School District is one of fifty-one members of the Allegheny County Schools Health Insurance Consortium (Consortium). The Consortium is a public entity risk pool, which provides health care coverage for members' employees on a pooled basis. The School District pays premiums to the

Consortium based upon rates established by the trustees of the Consortium. These rates are established with the objection of satisfying current costs and claims of covered health care services, as well as providing a residual sufficient to satisfy work capital requirements and promote premium stabilization for periods when actual costs of coverage exceed premiums collected from members. In addition, the Consortium maintains a percentage of its fund balance to cover potential future catastrophic losses. The Consortium or the School District does not maintain independent insurance coverage for catastrophic losses.

At June 30, 2016, such net residual net assets (deficit) were \$43,916,293 for the Consortium as a whole, of which a share of the residual net assets of \$780,920 was attributable to the School District. The agreement permits members to withdraw from the Consortium under specified terms. In such event, the withdrawing member is entitled to or responsible for a proportionate share of the Consortium's net assets or deficit as determined on the date of withdrawal.

Audited financial statements for the consortium through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 are available by calling the School District business office.

## Note 13 – Subsequent Event

On August 24, 2016, the School District issued General Obligation Note, Series of 2016. The Note bears an original principal balance of \$385,000, interest at the rate of 1.83%, with final payment due March 1, 2020.

# **Supplementary Information**

# KEYSTONE OAKS SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Student Activity Fund

	J.	une 30, 2015	A	dditions	Re	eductions	J:	une 30, 2016
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	86,370	\$	134,863	\$	128,128	\$	93,105
Total Assets	\$	86,370	\$	134,863	\$	128,128	\$	93,105
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Other Liabilities	•	86,370	-	134,863		128,128		93,105
Total Liabilities	\$	86,370	\$	134,863	\$	128,128	\$	93,105





Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Keystone Oaks School District Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Keystone Oaks School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Keystone Oaks School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 9, 2017.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Keystone Oaks School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Keystone Oaks School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Keystone Oaks School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be a material weakness. Financial Statement Finding #2016-001.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Keystone Oaks School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standard*.

#### **Keystone Oaks School District's Response to Findings**

Keystone Oaks School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Keystone Oaks School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CYPHER & CYPHER

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS** 

upher Cyphen

Canonsburg, Pennsylvania January 9, 2017





Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program And on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Keystone Oaks School District Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Keystone Oaks School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Keystone Oaks School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Keystone Oaks School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Keystone Oaks School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Keystone Oaks School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Keystone Oaks School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Keystone Oaks School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Keystone Oaks School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Keystone Oaks School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Keystone Oaks School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CYPHER & CYPHER

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Canonsburg, Pennsylvania January 9, 2017

# Keystone Oaks School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2016

# Section 1 – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financ	ial Statements:	
i.	Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
ii.	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes
	Significant deficiencies identified?	No
iii.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federa	l Awards:	
iv.	Internal control over major programs:	
	Material weakness(es) identified?	No
	Significant deficiencies identified?	None
٧.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
vi.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2CFR 200.516(a)?	No

•••		
vii.	Major programs:	
	CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
	84.010	Title I, Part A
	10.553	Child Nutrition Cluster
	10.555	
	10.556	
viii.	Dollar threshold used to	\$750,000
	distinguish between Type A and	
	Type B programs:	
ix.	Auditee qualify as low-risk	No
	auditee?	

# <u>Section 2 – Findings Related to Financial Statements Required to Be Reported Under GAGAS</u>

Financial Statement Finding #2016-001 Criteria	Finding Criteria – A component of internal control relating to financial reporting is to verify the accuracy of ledger account balances.
Condition	Condition Found – Various account balances were not reconciled and in balance at year end for the District's General, Cafeteria, Capital Reserve, and Risk Management Fund's accounting records.
Cause/Effect	Cause of the Finding – Prior year balances were not recorded/adjusted in the current period. Ledger account balances were not reconciled and verified to source documentation. Prior year-end accrual entries were not reversed. Current year-end accrual entries were not recorded and various types of account analysis was not completed.
	Effect of the Finding – Caused financial misstatement of asset, liability, fund balance, income and expense to occur and not be detected. More importantly the Board of School Directors did not receive accurate monthly reports to provide the information upon which to base critical decisions regarding current year spending, budget size and composition, student and staffing needs, funding for programs, revenue levels, etc.
	Questioned Costs – No questioned costs.

District's		The District's administration is in agreement with this finding.									
Response a	nd	Procedures are in the process of being implemented to assure the									
Corrective Acti	on	items listed above are not repeated.									
Plan											

# <u>Section 3 – Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards</u>

None.

# <u>Section 4 – Status of Prior Audit Findings</u>

Financial Statement	
Finding #2015-001	
Criteria	Finding Criteria — A component of internal control relating to financial reporting is to verify the accuracy of ledger account balances.
Condition	Condition Found – Various account balances were not in balance at year end. The reconciliation process that verifies transactions recorded to the books and records was not performed to certain cash, accounts receivable, and fund balance accounts.
	This was due to prior year balances not adjusted in the current period and ledger account balances not verified to source documentation.
Cause/Effect	Cause of the Finding – Change in key personnel of the business office occurred which lead to lack of oversight during the transition.
	Effect of the Finding – Misstatement of income and expense may occur within the district without being detected in a timely manner.
	Questioned Costs – No questioned costs.
Status of this finding as of June 30, 2016	This situation has not been corrected. A similar finding is noted in the current audit.
Federal Award Finding 2015-002 Title I	
Criteria	Finding Criteria – An employee who works solely within the Title I Program must furnish a semi-annual certification that documents they have been engaged solely in activities that support the Title I Program. The certification must be signed by the employee or a supervisory official having first-hand knowledge of the work performed by the employee.
	In addition an employee whose time that is allocated between Title I and an Other Educational Programs must maintain time and effort distribution records documenting the portion of time and effort

<u></u>
6
(
<b>E</b>
0
0
(
0
Č.
0
0
Ō
$\circ$
$\bigcirc$
E
$\tilde{a}$
000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Ō
Name of the last o

	dedicated to the Title I Program, and each other program.
Condition	Condition Found — The School District was unable to produce the Semi-Annual Time and Effort Certification for the Title I teachers.
Cause/Effect	Cause of the Finding – The School District did not provide the Semi-Annual Time and Effort Certifications corresponding to the 2014-2015 year.  Effect of the Finding – The School District is not in compliance with the requirements of the Title I program.
Recommendations	The employee responsible for maintaining the Semi-Annual Time and Effort Certifications should keep a copy of these certifications and certified mail receipt with the rest of the Title I compliance materials.
Status of this finding as of June 30, 2016	This issue has been corrected and is not included as a finding in the current audit.

Federal Award Finding 2015-003 Title I	
Criteria	Finding Criteria – For programs funded under Title I Part A, the District must notify private schools of available services to eligible children, teachers, and their families.
Condition	Condition Found — The District was not able to produce copies of the correspondence notifying them of available services.
Cause/Effect	Cause. of the Finding — The School District did not provide correspondences documenting letters that were sent to private schools during the school year.  Effect of the Finding — The District is not in compliance with the requirements of the Title I program.
Recommendations	The staff responsible for notifying private schools should retain copy of correspondence and mail receipt to document letters were sent to private schools.
Status of this finding as of June 30, 2016	This issue has been corrected and is not included as a finding in the current audit.

Federal Award Finding 2015-004 Child	
Nutrition Cluster	
<del></del>	
Criteria	Finding Criteria – A child's eligibility for free or reduced price meals
	under a Child Nutrition Cluster program is established by the
	submission of an annual application which lists family size and family

<u>(</u>
·
0
Ò
0
0
Ö
0
-
Ŏ
4000
Ō

	income. The child's eligibility is determined by comparing this data to published income eligibility guidelines. The School District's verifying official then approves the application as either free, reduced or denied and signs the application.
Condition	Condition Found – Procedures note five instances of the District used a "2013-2014" application and crossing out the date and wrote in "2014-2015" on the application.
Cause/Effect	Cause of the Finding – The individual responsible for processing the family applications crossed out the "2013-2014" on the top of the application and replaced it with "2014-2015".  Effect of the Finding – The District was not in compliance with requirements because the individual responsible for processing the applications altered the federal documents and accepted an outdated application form.
Recommendations	The staff responsible for processing family applications should only accept current year application forms and under no circumstances make alterations to the existing form.
Status of this finding as of June 30, 2016	This issue has been corrected and is not included as a finding in the current audit.

Federal Award Finding 2015-005 Child Nutrition Cluster	
Criteria	Finding Criteria — Direct Certification - Annual eligibility for the National School Lunch Program (NSLP) may also be determined based on the child receiving benefits under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR), the Head Start Program, or, under most circumstances, the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program. A household may furnish documentation of its participation in one of these programs to be eligible to participate in the NSLP.
Condition	Condition Found — Procedures note four students listed as Direct Certified were not found on the Pennsylvania Direct Certification List, nor is there documentation to support there eligibility to participate in the NSLP.
Cause/Effect	Cause of the Finding – The Direct Certification List was not cross checked with the student eligibility roster before assigning students a free/reduced status.  Effect of the Finding – Due to the lack of documentation, these seven students are not eligible to receive the benefit of free meals during

	the school year.  Questioned Costs — The total questioned cost for this finding is \$1,984.50
Recommendations	The responsible staff for performing student eligibility of the NSLP should cross reference the district's eligibility roster with the most recent Pennsylvania Direct Certification list, as well as, additional information provided by the family on a monthly basis.
Status of this finding as of June 30, 2016	This issue has been corrected and is not included as a finding in the current audit.

Federal Award Finding 2015-006 Child	
Nutrition Cluster	
Criteria	Finding Criteria – Students of the District that submit an application or meet certain criteria, may participate in the National School Lunch Program (NSLP). Regulations require the District to verify 3% of approved applications on file to determine the accuracy of family income presented during the application process.
Condition	Condition Found – During the verification process, a student's family income was incorrectly calculated which resulted in the student receiving reduced meal status, when the student should have been paid meal status.
Cause/Effect	Cause of the Finding – The staff responsible for performing the verification process did not properly calculate family income.  Effect of the Finding –The student received reduced meal prices when they were supposed to pay full meal price. As a result, the District was reimbursed for meals served to this student at the reduced reimbursement rate, rather than at the paid reimbursement rate.  Questioned Costs – The total questioned cost for this finding is \$379.40.
Recommendations	The employee responsible for completing the verification process should have another staff member review their calculation to ensure completeness and accuracy.
Status of this finding as	This issue has been corrected and is not included as a finding in the current audit.
of June 30, 2016	Current duuit.

# Keystone Oaks Schoot District Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards for the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Project Title Or Grant Name	Funding Source			Program Grant Award		Cash Received In 15/16	Actrued/ Deferred Revenue June 30, 2015		Revenues Recognized 15/16		Expenditures Recognized 15/16		Accrued/ Deferred Revenue ne 30, 2016	Carryover To 16/17		
Title I, Part A Cluster U.S. Department Of Education Fassed From Pennsylvania Department Of Education Title I	1	84.010	240215 150214 150213	15/16 14/15 13/14	\$	335,111.00 285,255.00 296,519.00	\$	335,111.00 18,000.60 5,826.00	\$ 18,000.60 5,826.00	\$	335,111.00	\$	335,111.00	\$		\$
Title I - Academic Achlevement Award			150214	14/15		40,310.00		23,034.29	23,034.29		115 111 00	<u> </u>	775 111 50	5		<u> </u>
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) U.S. Department Of Education Passed From Allegheny Intermediate Unit IDEA - Part 8	,	84.027	062-14-0-003	15/16	<u>\$</u> s	957,195.00	\$	381,971.89	\$ 45,860.89 \$	\$	335,111.00	5	335,111.00	5	204,392.00	5 -
	, ,	84.173	131-13-0	14/15	·	239,450.00	·	118,293.65 524,00	118,293,65		524.00		524.00			
IDEA - Section 619 Early Intervention  Title III - K12 English as a Second Language	' 1	84.365	RA-010-14-0603	15/16		4,000.00		4,000.00			4,000.00		4,000.00			
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)					\$	448,366.00	Ś	122,817.65	\$ 218,293.65	\$	208,915.00	<u>s</u>	208,916.00	S	204,392,00	\$ -
Child Nutrition Cluster U.S. Department Of Agriculture Passed From Pennsylvania Department Of Education National School Breakfast Program	ı	10.553		15/16 14/15	\$	60,021.25 58,802.58	\$	41,802.28 2,785.97	\$ 2,785.97	\$	50,021.25	\$	60,021.25	\$	18,218.97	\$
National School Lunch Program	t	10.555		15/16 14/15		318,397.36 298,555.88		227,079.84 11,392.90	11,392.90		318,397.36		318,397.36		91,317.52	
Passed From Pennsylvania Department Of Agriculture National School Lunch Program - Donated Commodities	ı	10.555		15/1 <del>5</del> 14/15		63,190.90 43,123.22		53,190.90 -	(8,251.63) b		48,645.88 8,251.63		48,645.88 8,251.63		(14,545.02) d	14,545.02
Subtotal CFDA #10,555						723,267.36		301,663.64	3,141.27		375,294.87		375,294.87		75,772.50	14,545.02
Summer Food	1	10,559		15/16		24,749.55		24,749.55			24,749.55		24,749.55			
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					ş	842,091.19	\$	371,001.44	\$ 5,927.24	\$	460,065.67	\$	450,065.67	\$	94,991.47	\$ 14,545.02
U.S. Department of Education Passed from Pennsylvania Department Of Education Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	1	84.367	140213 150213	15/16 14/15	\$	105,526.00 105,321.00	\$	105,526.00 21,037.80	\$ 21,037.80	\$	105,526.00	\$	105,526.00	\$		\$
Total Department of Education					\$	210,847.00	\$	126,563,80	\$ 21,037.80	5	105,526.00	\$	105,526.00	S		\$ -
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed From Pennsylvania Department Of Education Medical Assistance Reimbursement Title 19	1	93.778	NA	15/16 14/15	\$	433.38 1,354.33 1,787.71	\$	551.36 551.36	\$ 551.36	\$	433.38 433.38	\$	433.38 433.38	\$ 	433.38	\$
Grand Total					\$	2,460,286.90	\$	1,002,905.14	5 192,670.94	\$	1,110,052.05	5	1,110,052.05	5	299,816.85	\$ 14,545.02

#### Faotnates:

(a) Total amount of Commodities received from Dept of Agriculture

(b) Beginning inventory at July 1

(c) Total amount of Commodities Used

(d) Ending Inventory at June 30

# Keystone Oaks School District Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the Year Ended June 30, 2016

# Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes federal award activity of Keystone Oaks School District (the "School District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Keystone Oaks School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Keystone Oaks School District.

# Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

# Note 3 – Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2016, the District had food commodities totaling \$14,545 in inventory.

# Note 4 – Indirect Cost Rates

The School District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.